

1. Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: Ink, T08F4

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use:

Ink for inkjet printing

Supplier's details

Supplier in Australia:

EPSON Australia Pty Limited
Level1, 3 Talavera Road Macquarie Park NSW 2113, Australia
(02) 8899 3666 www.epson.com.au

Supplier in New Zealand:

EPSON New Zealand Pty Limited
7-9 Fanshawe Street, Auckland 1010, New Zealand
(09) 366 6855 www.epson.co.nz

Date: 28/06/2022

Revision: 1.0

Emergency phone number

Australia (02) 8899 3666 (Mon-Fri, 9AM-5PM, AEST)

New Zealand (09) 366 6855 (Mon-Fri, 9AM-5PM, NZST)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the Hazardous chemical

The product is not classified as dangerous according to GHS - Fifth revised edition.

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to GHS - Fifth revised edition.

Hazard pictograms:

None

Hazard statements:

None

Precautionary statements:

None

Special Provisions:

None

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

No other hazards

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

No

Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of GHS and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	Classification
50% ~ 65%	Water	CAS: 7732-18-5 EC: 231-791-2	The product is not classified as dangerous according to GHS - Fifth revised edition.
3% ~ 5%	Glycerol	CAS: 56-81-5 EC: 200-289-5	The product is not classified as dangerous according to GHS - Fifth revised edition.
3% ~ 5%	epsilon-caprolactam	Index number: 613-069-00-2 CAS: 105-60-2 EC: 203-313-2	 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332  3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302  3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

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			 3.3/2A Eye Irrit. 2A H319  3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335
1% ~ 3%	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Index number: 603-183-00-0 CAS: 143-22-6 EC: 205-592-6 REACH No.: 01-21194751 07-38	 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Specific Concentration Limits: 20% ≤ C < 30%: Eye Irrit. 2A H319 C ≥ 30%: Eye Dam. 1 H318
0.25% ~ 0.5%	Triethanolamine	CAS: 102-71-6 EC: 203-049-8	The product is not classified as dangerous according to GHS - Fifth revised edition.
0.1% ~ 0.25%	2,4,7,9-tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol	CAS: 126-86-3 EC: 204-809-1 REACH No.: 01-21199543 90-39	 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318  3.4.2/1B Skin Sens. 1B H317 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Symptoms caused by exposure

None

Medical attention and special treatment

Treatment:

None

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products:

None

Explosive properties: No data available

Oxidizing properties: No data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.
See protective measures under point 7 and 8.
Environmental precautions
Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Wash with plenty of water.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
Do not eat or drink while working.
See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep away from food, drink and feed.
Incompatible materials:
None in particular.
Instructions as regards storage premises:
Adequately ventilated premises.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring
Glycerol - CAS: 56-81-5
- OEL Type: OSHA - TWA: 5 mg/m³ - Notes: Respirable dust
- OEL Type: OSHA - TWA: 15 mg/m³ - Notes: Total dust
epsilon-caprolactam - CAS: 105-60-2
- OEL Type: EU - TWA(8h): 10 mg/m³ - STEL: 40 mg/m³
- OEL Type: ACGIH - TWA(8h): 5 mg/m³
Triethanolamine - CAS: 102-71-6
- OEL Type: ACGIH - TWA(8h): 5 mg/m³
DNEL Exposure Limit Values
No data available
PNEC Exposure Limit Values
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1.5 mg/l
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 5.77 mg/kg
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.15 mg/l
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.13 mg/kg
Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 200 mg/l
2,4,7,9-tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol - CAS: 126-86-3
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.04 mg/l
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.004 mg/l
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.32 mg/kg
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.032 mg/kg
Appropriate engineering controls
None
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)
Eye protection:
Use personal protective equipment as required.
Protection for skin:
Use personal protective equipment as required.
Protection for hands:
Use personal protective equipment as required.

Respiratory protection:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Chemical Controls for Australian Printers

- Minimise skin contact with inks and cleaning chemicals.
- Ensure that ventilation equipment is maintained and working effectively, to minimise airborne exposures.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance and colour:	Yellow Liquid
Odour:	Slightly
Odour threshold:	No data available
pH:	8.9 ~ 9.9 at 20 °C
Melting point / freezing point:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available
Solid/gas flammability:	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No data available
Vapour density:	No data available
Flash point:	Does not flash.
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Relative density:	No data available
Solubility in water:	Soluble
Solubility in oil:	No data available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
Viscosity:	< 5 mPa·s at 20 °C
Miscibility:	No data available
Fat Solubility:	No data available
Conductivity:	No data available
Substance Groups relevant properties	No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicological information of the product:

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Species: OECD TG439: In Vitro Skin Irritation Test Negative

f) carcinogenicity:

Does not contain carcinogens (Ref. 1)

g) reproductive toxicity:

Does not contain reproductive toxicity and developmental toxic substances (Ref. 2)
Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

Glycerol - CAS: 56-81-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 7750 mg/kg - Source: Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology. Vol. 23, Pg. 259, 1941

Test: LDLo - Route: Oral - Species: Human = 1428 mg/kg - Source: "Toxicology of Drugs and Chemicals," Deichmann, W.B., New York, Academic Press, Inc., 1969 Vol. -, Pg. 288, 1969.

2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rabbit = 3.54 ml/kg - Source: American Industrial Hygiene Association Journal. Vol. 23, Pg. 95, 1962.

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg - Source: Office of Toxic Substances Report. Vol. OTS,

Triethanolamine - CAS: 102-71-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 2200 mg/kg - Source: "Toxicometric Parameters of Industrial Toxic Chemicals Under Single Exposure," Izmerov, N.F., et al., Moscow, Centre of International Projects, GKNT, 1982 Vol. -, Pg. 114, 1982.

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 5846 mg/kg - Source: Science Reports of the Research Institutes, Tohoku University, Series C: Medicine. Vol. 36(1-4), Pg. 10, 1989.

2,4,7,9-tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol - CAS: 126-86-3

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Mild irritant

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Highly irritating

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitisation - Route: LLNA - Species: Mouse Sensitiser

e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Test: Mutagenesis - Species: Salmonella Typhimurium Negative

If not differently specified, the information listed below must be considered as N.A.::

a) acute toxicity;

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

f) carcinogenicity;

g) reproductive toxicity;

h) STOT-single exposure;

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

j) aspiration hazard.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

2,4,7,9-tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol - CAS: 126-86-3

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 36 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 88 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 15 mg/l - Duration h: 72

c) Bacteria toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: activated sludge = 630 mg/l - Duration h: 0.5

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

None

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

14. Transport information

UN number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN proper shipping name

No data available

Transport hazard class(es)

No data available

Packing group, if applicable

No data available

Environmental hazards

No

Special precautions for user

No data available

Additional Information

No data available

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Information:

Statement of Hazardous Nature:

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

New Zealand Information:

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996:

Not regulated

16. Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

Safety Data Sheet

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre,
Commission of the European Communities
SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van
Nostrand Reinold

Insert further consulted bibliography

- Ref. 1 · IARC Monographs on the Evaluation Carcinogenic Risks to Humans (IARC:
International Agency for Research on Cancer)
· Journal of Occupational Health (JOH) (Japan Society of Occupational Health (JSOH))
· TLVs and BEIs (ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
· IRIS Carcinogenic Assessment (IRIS: Integrated Risk Information System of US EPA)
· National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (USA)
· Annex VI of REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT
AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and
packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC
and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
· MAK und BAT Werte Liste (DFG: German Research Foundation)
· TRGS 905, Verzeichnis krebserzeugender, keimzell mutagener oder
reproduktionstoxischer Stoffe (AGS: Committee on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
- Ref. 2 · Annex VI of REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT
AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and
packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC
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reproduktionstoxischer Stoffe (AGS: Committee on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This Safety Data Sheet cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

Safety Data Sheet

TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.
SUSMP:	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons